



PAMIBIA UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF COMMERCE, HUMAN SCIENCE AND EDUCATION

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF ENGLISH AND LINGUISTICS	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BENL	LEVEL: 5
COURSE CODE: ILS511S	COURSE NAME: INTRODUCTION TO LANGUAGE IN SOCIETY
SESSION: JUNE 2024	PAPER: (PAPER 1)
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 75

FIRST OPPORTUNITY QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Prof. Niklaas Fredericks
MODERATOR:	Dr Sylvia Ithindi

INSTRUCTIONS
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Answer ALL the questions.2. Read all the questions carefully before answering.3. Number the answers clearly4. Give essay type responses where necessary5. Use blue or black ink only

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 4 PAGES (Including this front page)

Answer all the questions

Question 1: MATCHING QUESTIONS**[15]**

Look at the following concepts. Link these to the terms below to their corresponding statement. Write down only the number of the question and the symbol (1) – (a).

TERMINOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
1. Language Maintenance	a. The social and cultural roles, behaviors, expectations, and attributes that a society considers appropriate for individuals based on their perceived or assigned sex
2. Pidgin	b. language used for communication between people whose first language differ.
3. Indigenous Language	c. the study of the relationship between language and society
4. Endangered language	d. A situation in which a language maintains its vitality, even under pressure.
5. Style	e. the way speakers convey the same information differently.
6. Language Family	f. learning both languages at the same time without separation where languages are not seen as bounded entity
7. Standard language	g. language is that they are languages that are particular to a certain place
8. Register	h. A language that is likely to die, that it is, lose its speakership base and become abandoned in favour of another language
9. Gender	i. Every person shall be entitle to enjoy, practice, maintain and promote any culture, language, tradition or religion subject to the terms of this Constitution and further to the condition that the rights protected by this Article do not impinge upon the rights of others or the national interest

10. Tanslanguaging	j. It is the language used by government
11. Sociolinguistics	k. variety which is written and which has undergone some degree of regularization or codification
12. Article 11 (1)	l. a group of languages that have originated from the same original language.
13. Official Language	m. a speech variety appropriate to a particular speech situation
14. Article 19	n. new speech varieties that develop for practical purposes when speakers of two or more different languages come into contact with each other.
15. Lingua Franca	o. No persons who are arrested shall be detained in custody without being informed promptly in a language they understand of the grounds for such arrest.

Question 2 [2]
Name two (2) main types of code switching.

Question 3 [6]
There are three (3) language families in Namibia, list them in no particular order with one language as an example.

Question 4 [6]
Linguistically male and female speech may differ, name and explain 3 of such differences.

Question 5 [8]
National languages serve many functions in a community, list 8 of these functions.

Question 6 [8]
Name and explain the social factors according to which language domain may be typified.

Question 7

[30]

For a language to be called a standard language, it needs to undergo the process of standardisation. In an essay of about 400 words outline the criteria for standardisation.

END OF QUESTION PAPER

TOTAL: 75