

NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF COMMERCE, HUMAN SCIENCES, AND EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF ENGLIS	SH AND LINGUISTICS (HONOURS)
QUALIFICATION CODE: (08BAEN)	LEVEL: 8
COURSE CODE: AOL811S	COURSE NAME: AFRICAN ORAL LITERATURE
SESSION: JUNE 2024	PAPER: Theory
DURATION: 3H00	MARKS: 75

	FIRST OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Dr. A. M. Hautemo	
MODERATOR:	Dr. L. Namaseb	
	INSTRUCTIONS	
	1. Read all the questions carefully before answering.	
	2. Number the answers clearly	
	3. Give essay-type responses where necessary	
	4. Use blue or black ink only	

THIS MEMORANDUM CONSISTS OF 6 PAGES (Including this front page)

SECTION A COMPULSORY QUESTION

QUESTION 1

25 MARKS

25 MARKS

Read the poem below and thereafter discuss the social functions of oral poetry in African culture. Illustrate with examples from the poem.

The Grave of the King I, the Bard of Gompo Am starting this song Of poverty and degradation Of sorrow and oppression Of wounds and exploitation Of humiliation and deprivation That led to the destruction of our nation Like the falling of the banks of a river. I sing it for the future generation Who will hear it as a story Of things they had not seen with their eyes Of things they had not heard with their ears For they never had to dodge the bullets They never had to smell gun powder They never had to cut war shields They never had to sharpen any weapons They never had to smelt iron They never had to sleep in caves. Sing this song To true patriots, Sing it! Embellish it with all the details As would a Teller of Tales. Sing it in memory Of the people of this land Who fought trying to save it Who spilled the last drop of their blood, From this body, so beautiful. To what end did they do it You, of the young generation, we ask, Those, your forebears Who gave their all? They were fighting to save their kings They were fighting to save their country, In the hope that you, their future generation Would build those fallen walls And out of their strength Reap not the seeds of weakness That country is coming back Hold that dear in your hearts It is not lost, but kept By the "Father of Orphans"; It is well protected In the "Fortress of Truth"; Misfortune has passed it by

So, when you are ready They'll say:- "Here is it; Take it" And when you are grown and mature, When you understand and are united, When you are tired of all the quarrels, When your minds and hearts at peace, When you have retrieved your culture, And gone back to your roots, When you speak with one voice, Whose truth will cleave the skies, Then, your Moses will come, And in joy, you will come out. Sing then this song The Gompo Bard exhorts you Bless these waters That this king has chosen; They are the only waters we will love, Love even above gold, Great are the things We are going to do with them. Our work is done. Sandile has been offered as sacrifice. from The Collected Poems of S.E.K. Mqhayi, Edited by Ntongela Masilela, Translation by Phyllis Ntantala,

Provide relevant examples from the poem to support the analysis.

SECTION B ELECTIVE QUESTIONS

Answer any TWO questions from this section.

QUESTION 2

Read the narrative below and discuss three features of oral narratives. Use examples from the texts to qualify your analysis. Your essay should be 700 words.

WHY THE LEOPARD CAN ONLY CATCH PREY ON ITS LEFT SIDE

Once upon a time, Leopards did not know how to catch animals for food. Knowing that the Cat was very skilful in this way, Leopard one day went to Cat and asked very politely if she would teach him the art. Cat readily consented.

The first thing Leopard had to learn was to hide himself among the bushes by the roadside so that he would not be seen by any animal passing by. Next, he had to learn how to move silently through the woods. He must never allow the animal he was hunting to know that he was following it. The third great principle Cat taught Leopard was how to use his left paws and left side in springing upon his prey.

Having taught him these three things, Cat asked Leopard to go and practice them well. When he had learned them thoroughly he could return to her and she would give him more lessons in hunting. Leopard obeyed. At first, he was very successful and obtained all the food he wanted. One day, however, he was unable to catch anything at all.

Being very hungry, he wondered what he could have for dinner. Suddenly he remembered that the cat had quite a large family. He went straight to her home and found her absent. Never thinking of her kindness to him, Leopard only remembered that he was hungry, and he ate all her kittens. When Cat discovered this dreadful act, she was so angry that she refused to have anything more to do with the great creature.

Consequently, Leopard has never been able to learn how to catch animals that pass him on the right side.

QUESTION 3

25 MARKS

25 MARKS

Technology plays a big role in the revitalisation and preservation of African orality and orature. Discuss the role of Technauriture in the space and places of African Oral Literature and suggest strategies in which technology can be used as an integral part of orature.

QUESTION 4

Critically evaluate the tale given below to illustrate how it expresses:

- i. the phases of storytelling.
- ii. the social, political, and moral philosophies of the people.

Beauty and the Beast

Once upon a time, there lived a wealthy merchant and his three daughters. One day, the father was to go to a far-off place, and he asked his daughters what they wanted on his return. The first and the second daughter asked for lovely dresses. But the third daughter, whose name was Beauty, said, "Father, I only need a rose plucked by your hand." The merchant, on his way back, had to cross through the deep forest. It was dark and the merchant tried to find a place to sleep. He suddenly found a huge castle and went inside to find nobody. There was a huge table with delicious food and he ate it all. Then the merchant went into the bedroom and slept on a soft and fluffy bed. The next day, too, the merchant did not find anyone in the castle. He saw a beautiful rose bush growing on the lawn and remembered Beauty's gift. He plucked a red rose.

From the bush. Suddenly, a ferocious-looking beast sprang out of the bush. He was wearing fine silk clothes and roared, "I gave you food and a bed to sleep in! And now, you are stealing my roses!" The merchant was frightened and told the Beast about Beauty's gift. The Beast decided to let him go only if he promised to send Beauty to this castle. The merchant agreed and ran back home. He cried and told his daughters about the Beast. But Beauty loved her father a lot and agreed to go stay with the Beast. The Beast treated Beauty with a lot of kindness. He was never rude to her. He let her stay in the biggest room and let her roam in the beautiful garden.

Beauty would sit near the fireplace and sew while the Beast kept her company. At first, Beauty was afraid of the Beast but slowly, she began to like him. One day, the Beast asked Beauty to marry him, but she refused. She was still afraid of his fearful-looking face. The Beast still treated her kindly and with a lot of love. Beauty missed her father a lot. The Beast gave her a magic mirror and said, "Look at the mirror and you can see your family. Now you won't feel lonely anymore. One day, Beauty looked in the mirror and saw that her father was very ill and dying. She went to the Beast and pleaded and cried, "Please let me go home! I only want to see my father before he dies!" But the Beast roared, "No! You promised you would never leave this castle!" Saying this, he stormed out of the room. But after some time, he came to Beauty and said, "You may go to stay with your father for seven days. But you must promise to return after that."

Beauty was very happy and agreed. Then she left and went to stay with her father. Her father, on seeing Beauty, felt very happy and soon recovered. Beauty stayed with her family for seven days and more. She forgot the Beast and his castle. But one night, she had a terrible nightmare in which she saw the Beast was very ill and about to die. He was crying "Beauty, please come back!" Beauty woke up and went back to the castle because she did not want to hurt the Beast. She cried and said, "Please don't die, Beast! I will live with you forever!" The Beast miraculously changed into a handsome prince. He said, "I was under a curse all these years and could only be relieved when someone fell in love with me. I am now cured of the curse because you truly love me." And then, Beauty and the Beast were married and together they lived happily ever after.

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