



**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY  
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
FACULTY OF HEALTH AND APPLIED SCIENCES**

**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS**

<b>QUALIFICATION:</b> Bachelor of science in Applied Mathematics and Statistics	
<b>QUALIFICATION CODE:</b> 07BSAM	<b>LEVEL:</b> 6
<b>COURSE CODE:</b> MAP602S	<b>COURSE NAME:</b> MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMMING
<b>SESSION:</b> NOVEMBER 2022	<b>PAPER:</b> THEORY
<b>DURATION:</b> 3 HOURS	<b>MARKS:</b> 100

<b>FIRST OPPORTUNITY QUESTION PAPER</b>	
<b>EXAMINERS</b>	MR. B.E OBABUEKI, MR J AMUNYELA
<b>MODERATOR:</b>	PROFESSOR ADETAYO EEGUNJOBI

<b>INSTRUCTIONS</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Answer ALL questions in the booklet provided.</li><li>2. Show clearly all the steps used in the calculations.</li><li>3. All written work must be done in blue or black ink and sketches must be done in pencil.</li></ol>	

**PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS**

1. Non-programmable calculator without a cover.

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 3 PAGES** (Excluding this front page)

**Question 1 (10 marks)**

A cobbler makes three types of shoes: stiletto, casual and park. Each pair of stiletto takes 8 hours to fabricate, 5 hours to sand and 6 hours to couple. Each pair of casual takes 6 hours to fabricate, 4 hours to sand and 2 hours to couple. Each pair of park requires 5 hours of fabrication, 2 hours of sanding and 4 hours of coupling. The cobbler has 96 hours for fabrication, 44 hours for sanding and 58 hours for coupling. The profit margins are N\$38 per pair of stiletto, N\$26 per pair of casual and N\$22 per pair of park. Model this information into a linear programming problem. Declare your variables unambiguously and name the constraints. DO NOT SOLVE. (10)

**Question 2 (13 marks)**

Solve the following linear programming model graphically:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } H &= 15a + 12b \\ \text{Subject to } & 6a + 6b \geq 36 \\ & 3a + 9b \geq 27 \\ & b \leq 3 \\ & a \leq 10 \\ & a ; b \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Use 1cm to 1 unit for each of the axes. (13)

**Question 3 (28 marks)**

Consider the following L-P model:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } C &= 40a + 60b + 48d \\ \text{Subject to } & 5a + 3b + 4d \geq 7 \\ & 2a + 12b + 8d \geq 21 \\ & a \geq 0 ; b \geq 0 ; d \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- 3.1 Write down the dual of the model. (6)
- 3.2 Solve the dual model. (13)
- 3.3 Suppose the solution of the dual model is  $x = 4 ; y = 4 ; t_1 = 12 ; t_2 = 0 ; t_3 = 0 ; C = 112$ . Use this solution to determine the solution of the given primal model. (9)

**Question 4 (18 marks)**

Consider the following L-P model:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } Q &= 2x + 4y + 5z + 3t \\ \text{Subject to } & -x - 2y + 2z \geq 40 \\ & 3x + 2z + t \leq 100 \\ & x - 2y - z + 4t \geq 50 \\ & x; y; z; t \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- 4.1 Identify all the non-basic variables in the model. (3)
- 4.2 Express  $H = A_1 + A_3$  in terms of the non-basic variables. (3)
- 4.3 Write down the initial tableau for the phase 1 of the two-phase method. (4)
- 4.4 Given that the final tableau of phase 1 is

x	y	z	t	s1	s2	s3	A1	A3	H	
-1	-2	2	0	-1	0	0	1	0	0	40
31	22	0	0	9	8	2	-9	-2	0	340
1	-6	0	8	-1	0	-2	1	2	0	140
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	1	0

and that the original objective function is expressed in terms of non-basic variables for phase 2 as  $8Q = 33x + 90y + 23s_1 + 3s_3 + 1220$ , determine the solution of the given L-P model. (8)

**Question 5 (20 marks)**

Consider the following transportation table:

	Destination 1	Destination 2	Destination 3	Destination 4	Supply
Source 1	10	8	20	11	<b>20</b>
Source 2	12	9	7	20	<b>25</b>
Source 3	6	14	16	18	<b>15</b>
Demand	<b>10</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>	20	

- 5.1 Determine the initial transportation cost using the Least-cost method. (8)

5.2 The following table is an estimate of the minimum cost of the transportation problem:

10	8	20	11
	5		15
12	9	7	20
	10	15	
6	14	16	18
10			5

Use this table to determine the minimum cost for the transportation problem. (12)

**Question 6 (11 marks)**

Given the following assignment table, assign workers A, B, and C to the tasks 1, 2, and 3 in such a way that assignment cost is at its minimum.

	Task 1	Task 2	Task 3
Worker A	450	420	490
Worker B	360	450	400
Worker C	320	440	430

(11)

**END OF PAPER**

**TOTAL MARKS: 100**