

**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY** OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Faculty of Health, Natural **Resources and Applied** Sciences

School of Natural and Applied Sciences

Department of Biology, **Chemistry and Physics** 

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QUALIFICATION : BACHELOR of SCIENCE	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BOSC	LEVEL: 7
COURSE: ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY	COURSE CODE: ENC702S
DATE: NOVEMBER 2023	SESSION: 1
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100

## FIRST OPPORTUNITY: QUESTION PAPER

Dr. Mpingana N. Akawa **EXAMINER:** Prof. James Abah **MODERATOR:** 

## INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer all questions on the separate answer sheet.
- 2. Please write neatly and legibly.
- 3. Do not use the left side margin of the exam paper. This must be allowed for the examiner.
- 4. No books, notes and other additional aids are allowed.
- 5. Mark all answers clearly with their respective question numbers.

## PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS

1. Non-Programmable Calculator

## ATTACHEMENTS

This paper consists of 3 pages including this front page

QUE	<u>ST</u>	ION 1 [20]		
	a)	The mechanism by which the earth self regulates its temperature is called the carbon		
		dioxide cycle. Starting with the carbon dioxide in the atmosphere, explain the CO2		
		cycle. (10)		
	b)	The atmosphere of the earth is slightly warmer that what it should be due to direct		
		solar heating because a mild case of greenhouse effect. Explain how greenhouse		
		affects the earth's atmosphere. (10)		
QUI	EST	ION 2 [20]		
	a)	With the aid of chemical reactions, explain how acid mine drainage (AMD) is formed.		
		(10)		
	b)	Discuss the ecological impact of acid mine drainage. (5)		
	c)	Explain how AMD can be prevented. (5)		
ຸວຸບ	EST	ION 3 [20]		
a)	Explain how the hydrologic cycle contributes to groundwater pollution and discuss			
	pre	eventative measures of groundwater pollution. (10)		
b)	Provide the likely source of the following water pollutants and discuss their effect on livi			
	org	anisms? (6)		
	i	. Herbicides		
	ï	. Fecal coliform bacteria		
	iii	. Pharmaceutical metabolites		
c)	$NO_2$ is a common air pollutant that undergoes photochemical reactions which results i			
	stratospheric destruction of ozone layer, formation of photochemical smog and acid rai Describe two ways in which NO $_2$ concentration in the atmosphere can be controlled. (4			
QU	EST	TION 4 [20]		
a)	) Air pollutants may be classified based on the differences in their physical or			
	cha	aracteristics. Describe (with an example for each case) the different classes o		
	ро	llutants that fall within this category. (8)		
b)	Bri	efly describe the Goldschmidt's geochemical classifications of elements		
	(8)			

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c) Provide the major categories of concern regarding pesticides and their residues in soil.
 (4)

QUESTION 5	[20]	

- a) Briefly define water eutrophication and explain why it is considered as a case of pollution.
  b) What is a water table?
  c) How important is the water table with respect to pollution impact monitoring?
  d) Complexation reactions involving chelating agents and metal ions are among the reactions which occur in the aquatic environment.
  i) What are chelating agents?
  (2)
  ii) Why are chelating agents considered as water pollutants of concern?
  - (6)

END OF QUESTION PAPER