

FACULTY OF HEALTH, NATURAL RESOURCES AND APPLIED SCIENCES

SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCE SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT		
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07BNRS	LEVEL: 7	
COURSE CODE: WMH620S	COURSE NAME: WILDLIFE MONITRING AND HANDLING	
DATE: JANUARY 2025		
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 150	

SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER		
EXAMINER(S)	Mr. Helmuth Tjikurunda & Mrs. Louise Theron	i
MODERATOR:	Mr. Jeremia Amutenya	

INSTRUCTIONS		
1.	Answer ALL the questions.	
2.	Write clearly and neatly.	
3.	Number the answers clearly.	

PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS

- 1. Examination question paper
- 2. Answering book
- 3. Calculator and Ruler

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 3 PAGES (Excluding this front page)

QUESTION 1

Write short notes to define or explain the following terms:

Road Strip Count (2)(2)1.2. **Transportation Crate** (2)1.3. Quantitative data (2)1.4. Wildlife Technology 1.5. Geofences (1)(1)1.6. Nutrition [10]

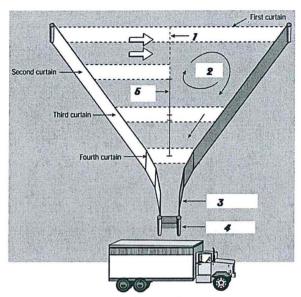
QUESTION 2

- 2.1. The full moon waterhole game counts is a wildlife monitoring technique preferred (15) by most game farmers who keep elusive water-dependent wildlife. *Explain* in detail how a full moon waterhole game count is conducted.
- 2.2. There are six elements of adaptive management, as discussed in class. *Name* and *explain* these elements. (12)

[27]

QUESTION 3

- 3.1. The mass capture boma method is preferably and mostly used to reduce costs and (6) ensure a successful capture. *Provide six (6)* guidelines to which mass capture bomas should adhere.
- 3.2. Several factors contribute to the worsening of stress in captured animals. *List* (7) seven (7) of these factors.
- 3.3. Study the diagram below showing the set-up (capture boma) used to capture (5) wild animals. *Label the different sections* represented by the numbers 1-5 on the diagram below.



- 3.4. **Define** the term capture myopathy and **provide** one symptom an animal suffering (4) from it might show.
- 3.5. *Explain* the causes of capture myopathy during a) mass boma and b) chemical (9) capture methods.

[31]

QUESTION 4

- 4.1. Holding facilities are an essential part of wildlife monitoring and handling to (6) ensure close observation of wild animals, that cannot be released immediately.
 List 6 factors to consider when constructing a holding facility/pens for wild animals.
- 4.2. Water is one of the most vital nutrients for wild animals, because of the multiple (6) functions it is used for. *Name* and *give* an example of three sources where wild animals get water from.
- 4.3 The condition of animals is a key factor influencing the survival and reproductive success of wild animals.
 - 4.3.1 In *which situations* is knowledge of the nutritional condition of (4) wildlife important?
 - 4.3.2 **What** are the advantages of using indicators to assess wildlife (4) conditions?

[20]

QUESTION 5

- 5.1 **Provide ten (10)** criteria you will follow to inspect transport crates to ensure the welfare of the animal being transported. (10)
- 5.2 You have been appointed as the head of a Game Capture Unit within the Ministry of (4) Environment, Forestry and Tourism. *Explain four (4)* conditions under which you may recommend animals translocated to be offloaded at night.
- 5.3 *List eight (8)* factors that need to be considered before wild animals is to be offloaded (8) from the transport crate.
- 5.4 Ideally, the distance from the source to the destination of captured animals must be as short as possible. However, this is not always the case. Sometimes animals are translocated to far away place sometimes even to other countries. List 7 factors that should be taken into account to ensure safe and humane transportation of animals via the road.

[29]

QUESTION 6

Distinguish between the following sets of terms:

a) Infectious vs Contagious diseases

b) Carrier vs Vector for a disease. (Give a proper/explanatory example for each)

c) Defoliants vs Desiccants (for a farmer)

(2)

[16]

QUESTION 7

In your OWN words, explain how the digestion process of a kudu differs from that of a zebra. (9)

QUESTION 8

Give a short description of the disease Babesiosis. Explain <u>what</u> it is, <u>how</u> animals get it, <u>immunity and</u> <u>resistance</u> in cattle and how it can be <u>treated</u>. NO clinical signs required! (8)

TOTAL: 150 MARKS