

NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MARKETING, SPORTS MANAGEMENT LOGISTICS

QUALIFICATION: POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT			
QUALIFICATION CODE: 08PDPM		LEVEL: 8	
COURSE CODE: LPM802S		COURSE NAME: LEADERSHIP AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT	
SESSION: NOVEMBER 2024		PAPER: THEORY	
DURATION: 3 HOURS		MARKS: 100	
	FIRST OPPORTUNIT	Y EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Mr. Linus Hamukoto		
MODERATOR:	Dr. Anatolia Shooya		
INSTRUCTIONS			
1. Answer ALL the questions.			
2. Write clearly and neatly.			
3. Number your answers.			

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 4 PAGES (Including this front page)

SECTION A

QUESTION 1: Fill-in the correct answers

(40 MARKS)

There are 20 Fill-in questions requiring you to fill-in the correct response for each. Fill-in the correct answer using the Belbin model and different types of powers in project management. Each question is equivalent to 2 marks.

	In a team, therole is often the one who provides ideas and creative utions.
	2 Marks
1.2.	Therole is crucial for keeping the team organized, ensuring deadlines are met, and maintaining focus on objectives.
	2 Marks
1.3.	During challenging situations, the team benefits from having awho can provide a calm and steady influence.
	2 Marks
1.4.	In a team, therole is typically the one who challenges assumptions and ensures thorough examination of ideas.
	2 Marks
1.5.	For fostering strong team relationships and resolving conflicts, having a team member in therole is highly beneficial.
	2 Marks
1.6.	Therole involves providing practical insights, expertise, and
	specialized knowledge to enhance team performance.
	2 Marks
1.7.	In order to drive the team forward and turn ideas into action, therole is essential.
	2 Marks
1.8.	During times of uncertainty or change, a team benefits from the positive and motivational influence of a
	2 Marks
1.9.	A team requires someone in therole to scrutinize details,
	prevent errors, and ensure high-quality outcomes.
	2 Marks
1.10.	In a hierarchical structure,power is derived from an individual's
	official position or title within the organization.
	2 Marks
1.11.	power is associated with having access to valuable information
	that others find useful or essential for decision-making.
	2 Marks
1.12.	Leaders who possesspower are often admired, respected, and
	emulated by others due to their personal qualities and characteristics.
	2 Marks
1.13.	During critical situations, individuals withpower can exert
	influence based on the specific circumstances or context.
	2 Marks

1.14.	power is rooted in the charisma, personality, and personal qualities of a leader, making them highly influential.
	2 Marks
1.15.	An individual withpower is recognized for their expertise,
	knowledge, and competence in a particular field or domain.
	2 Marks
1.16.	Leaders who can provide rewards such as promotions, bonuses, or other incentives wieldpower.
	2 Marks
1.17.	In situations where negative consequences are imposed,power is
	demonstrated through the use of punishment or coercion.
	2 Marks
1.18.	power involves applying pressure or force to make others
	comply with directives or requests.
	2 Marks
1.19.	Leaders who evoke feelings of guilt or a sense of obligation are leveragingpower to influence decisions or actions.
	2 Marks
1.20.	Effective communicators often employpower by presenting logical and compelling arguments to persuade others.
	2 Marks
	(40 marks)
	SECTION A: 40 TOTAL MARKS

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

QUESTION 2

The Government of the Republic of Namibia, in collaboration with Government of the Republic of Botswana, has initiated a project to establish a One Stop Border Post (OSBP) at Mamuno to streamline border crossing processes between the two countries. The aim is to enhance trade and travel efficiency, reduce wait times, and promote economic cooperation. The project involves amongst others designing and constructing new infrastructure, integrating information systems, and training border control officers from both countries to work collaboratively in a shared facility.

Using the One Stop Border Post at Mamuno project as an example, discuss the five key phases of the project lifecycle? For each phase, outline two (2) key activities and two (2) deliverables that would be involved in ensuring the successful completion of this cross-border initiative.

(25 Marks)

QUESTION 3

Briefly define the Project Plan and the key elements of a project plan?

(20 Marks)

QUESTION 4

You have been appointed as a project manager for a project under the Ministry of Finance and Public Enterprises. As part of your functions, you are required to prepare a Project Procurement Plan. Discuss any 5 of the contents of a Project Procurement Plan? (10 Marks)

QUESTION 5

List the 5 stages of the Change Curve, or Kübler Ross' Change Curve Model?

(5 Marks)

SECTION B: 60 TOTAL MARKS

TOTAL: 100 MARKS